

# Datasheet

# LNF-LNC15\_29B

15-29 GHz Cryogenic Low Noise Amplifier



Product Features				
RF Bandwidth	15-29 GHz			
Noise Temperature	7 K			
Noise Figure	0.1 dB			
Gain	28 dB			
DC power (typical)	$V_{ds} = 0.6 \text{ V, } I_{ds} = 10 \text{ mA}^*$			
RF Connectors	Female K (2.92 mm)**			
DC Connectors	9-pin Female Nano-D			
One gate and one drain supply only				

<sup>\*</sup>See test report for actual optimum bias for your unit

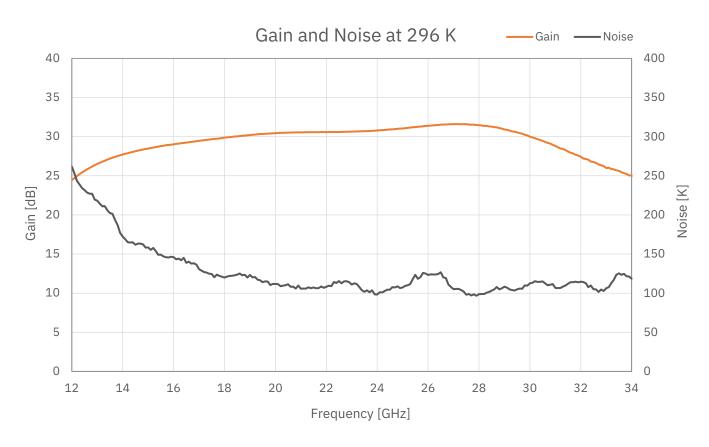
<sup>\*\*</sup> Contact factory for alternative configuration

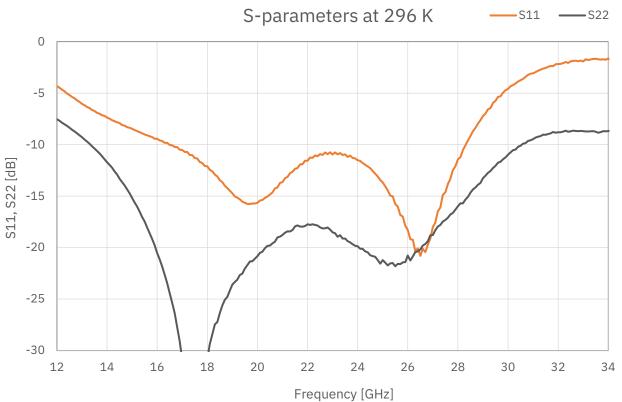
Absolute maximum ratings		Typical Characteristics			
Parameter	Min	Max	Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{ds}$	-0.5 V	2.7 V	Vgs	+3.0	V
$\mathbf{I}_{ds}$		100 mA	IRL	10	dB
Vgs	-20 V	20 V	ORL	15	dB
DC Voltage on Input and Output	-30 V	30 V	Output P1dB	-10	dBm
RF Input Power		0 dBm	OIP3	0	dBm
Operating Temperature	< 3 K	40 °C	Weight	9	grams

LNF-LNC15\_29B is an ultra-low noise cryogenic amplifier using LNF's proprietary InP HEMT technology. MMIC technology ensures excellent unit-to-unit variation. The LNA is packaged in a coaxial module using industry standard K (2.92mm) connectors for the RF ports and Nano-D to provide the DC. The lightweight gold plated aluminum module measures 17.80x15.15x6.80 mm excluding the connectors. The LNA is not hermetic and must be operated in a vacuum environment when below the dewpoint. All amplifiers are tested at 296 and 5 K and delivered with a test report.



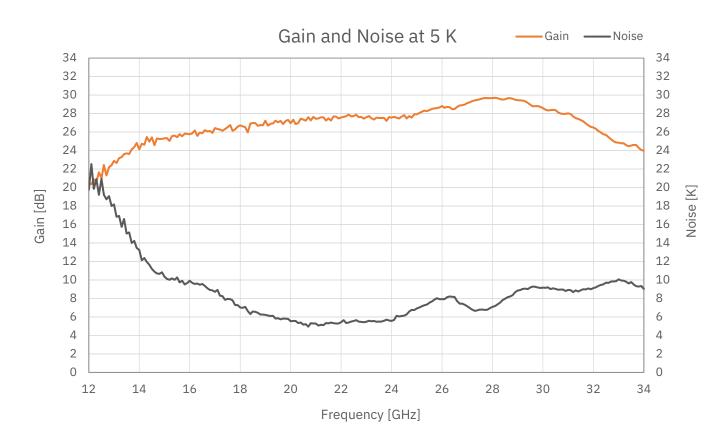
# Measured data, $T_{amb} = 296 \text{ K}$

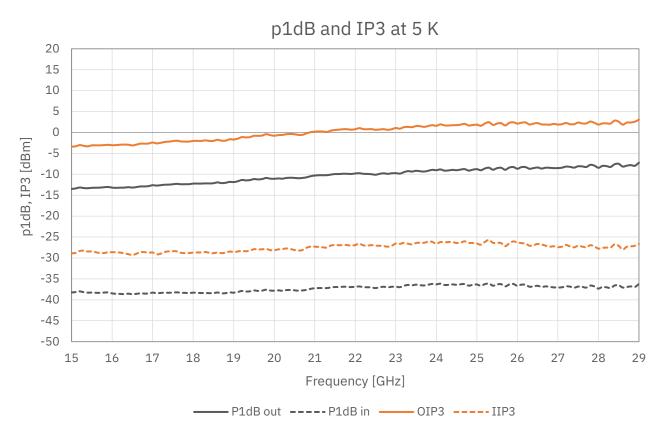






# Measured data, $T_{amb} = 5 \text{ K}$





#### Datasheet

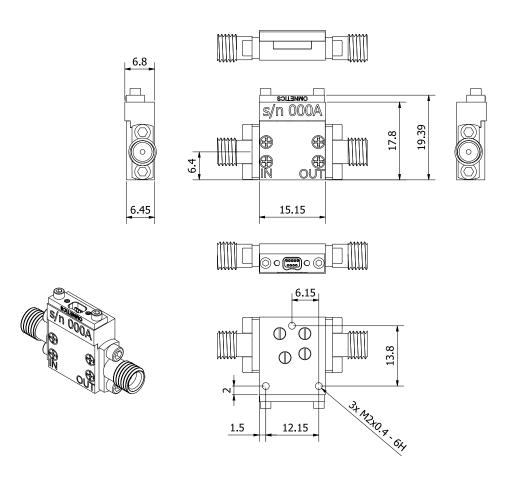
LNF-LNC15\_29B



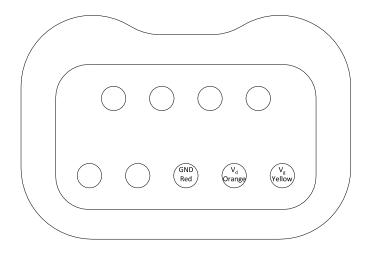


# Dimensions and wiring

Units: mm



Nano-D panel connector seen from outside the LNA



#### Datasheet

LNF-LNC15\_29B

15-29 GHz Cryogenic Low Noise Amplifier



# Biasing procedure

For safe operation of the LNA, please carefully follow the instructions below. Always honor the maximum ratings stated in the datasheet.

### A. With constant current supply, e.g. LNF-PS\_3, LNF-PS3b and LNF-PS\_EU2

# Power up:

- 1. Switch on the power supply
- 2. Double check that Vd is set to the nominal voltage in the datasheet
- 3. Connect the LNA's RF input and output to your grounded test set-up
- 4. Connect the power supply to the LNA
- 5. Check that the measured Ids is equal to the nominal value in this datasheet. Tune to the correct value if necessary.
- 6. Before starting a cool down, make sure that the power supply is set to the stated values at 5K. Do not cool down with the power supply set to the room temperature values.

#### Power down:

- 1. Disconnect the power supply from the LNA
- 2. Switch off the power supply

# B. With constant voltage supply, e.g. LNF-PS\_1

### Power up:

- 1. Switch on the power supply
- 2. Set Vd and Vg to the nominal voltages stated in this datasheet
- 3. Connect the LNA's RF input and output to your grounded test set-up
- 4. Connect the power supply to the LNA
- 5. Fine tune  $V_g$  to get the nominal  $I_{ds}$  stated in this datasheet. The actual  $V_g$  can deviate a bit from the value in the datasheet depending on ground wire resistance in your set-up.
- 6. Before starting a cool down, make sure that the power supply is set to the stated values at 5K. Do not cool down with the power supply set to the room temperature values.

#### Power down:

- Disconnect the power supply from the LNA
- 2. Switch off the power supply